Optimization in StarCraft: Building an Effective Army

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Background

- RTS game publish by Blizzard Entertainment in '98
- Extremely strategic in design
- Requires quick risk assessment skills
- Goal defeat your opponent's army before he/she defeats yours
- Minerals, vespene gas and supply must be gathered/built
- Infantry units have various unique parameters

Problem Description

The objective in this project is to build the most effective army given a multitude of constraints. We are defining *effective* as overall *damage* and *life* of the entire army. The decision variable is the number of each type of infantry unit to produce. Constraints bounding this optimization problem are time, total mineral and vespene count, supply and army variety, as we want an assortment of units.

Constraints:

 $\sum A_i S_i \leq \text{Supply}$

 $\sum A_i M_i \leq Mineral$

 $\sum A_i V_i \leq Vespene$

 $\sum A_{command} \ge 1$

Objective Function:

 $Max \sum A_i (D_i + L_i)$

 $\sum A_{barracks} \ge 1$

 $\sum A_{factory} \ge 1$

 $\sum A_i T_i \leq Time$

Mathematical Model

- A_i = # of units produced D_i = Damage L_i = Life
- S_i = Supply
- M_i = Mineral
- V_i = Vespene
- T_i = Build time
- Supply = Total supply
- *Mineral =* Total mineral *Vespene =* Total vespene

Time = Max time

Resources:

modeling software AMPL

statistics – us.battle.net/sc2/en/game.

Assumptions

- Only ground units will be considered for production.
- The model will only include non-upgraded units.
- All necessary production buildings (with add-ons) have already been built at the beginning of the simulation.
- The element of time is not considered as a continuous domain.

AMPL Model

set UNITS:

param mineral {UNITS} > 0; param vespene {UNITS} >= 0; param supply {UNITS} > 0; param buildtime {UNITS} > 0; param damage {UNITS} > 0; param life {UNITS} > 0;

param maxTime > 0;
production

param maxMineral > 0; param maxVespene > 0; param maxSupply > 0;

var Make {u in UNITS} >= 0 integer; # units to produce #Objective: max life and damage (best army)

maximize Army: sum {u in UNITS} damage[u] * Make[u] + sum {u in UNITS} life[u] * Make[u];

#Production Constraints

subject to Time: sum {u in UNITS} buildtime[u] * Make[u] <= maxTime; subject to Mineral: sum {u in UNITS} mineral[u] * Make[u] <= maxMineral; subject to Vespene: sum {u in UNITS} vespene[u] * Make[u] <= maxVespene; subject to Supply: sum {u in UNITS} supply[u] * Make[u] <= maxSupply;</pre>

#Variety Constraints (easily assigned by user according to build/opponent): subject to SCV: Make['Scv'] =3; subject to Marine: Make['Mare'] >=4; subject to Marrader: Make['Marr'] >=4; #subject to Ghost: Make['Reap'] >=1; #subject to Ghost: Make['Ghst'] >=1; #subject to Hellion: Make['Hell'] >=1;

subject to SeigeTank: Make['Sgtk'] >=1; #subject to Thors: Make['Thor'] >=1;

AMPL Data

data;

set UNITS := Scv Mare Marr Reap Ghst Hell Sgtk Thor;

param:	mineral vespe	ene supp	oly	buildtime d	lamage l	ife :=
#Command Cente Scv	er: 50	0	1	17	5	45
#Barracks: Mare Marr Reap Ghst	50 100 50 200	0 25 50 100	1 2 1 2	25 30 45 40	6 10 4 10	45 125 60 100
#Factory: Hell Sgtk Thor	100 150 300	0 125 200	2 3 6	30 45 60	8 15 30	90 160 400;

param maxTime := 10000; param maxMineral := 1500; param maxVespene := 500; param maxSupply := 70;

AMPL Output / Results	Make Ghst	0
CPLEX 12.6.0.1: optimal integer solution; objective 1904	Hell Mare Marr Reap	0 4 7 0
1 MIP simplex iterations 0 branch-and-bound nodes	Scv Sgtk Thor	3 1 1

The only associated slack was with buildtime as Time = 466. All other constraints were used to the max. In general, Marraders were selected because they have the best cost/benefit ratio.

Future Works

- Implement time as a continuous variable
- Consider building and upgrade costs
- Include all possible units

mineral cost for each unit # vespene cost for each unit # supply count for each unit # production time in seconds # damage associated for each unit # amount of life for each unit

total time allotted for

total mineral
total vespene
total supply

#infantry units